



SALINAN

**PRESIDENT
REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA**

LAW OF THE REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA NUMBER 21

OF 2019

ABOUT

ANIMAL, FISH AND PLANT QUARANTINE

BY THE GRACE OF ALMIGHTY GOD THE PRESIDENT

OF THE REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA,

- Considering :
- a. that Indonesia is a country that has a wealth of biodiversity as a gift from God **Almighty** to be utilized sustainably so as to improve the standard of living and prosperity of people's lives as mandated in Article 33 paragraph (3) of the 1945 **Constitution of the Republic of Indonesia**;
 - b. that the Indonesian homeland is blessed by God Almighty with various types of biological natural resources in the form of various types of animals, fish and plants that need to be preserved and protected;
 - c. that the implementation of quarantine must follow the changes and developments in *s c i e n c e*, technology and information, a fast and dynamic strategic environment, especially the pace of trade between countries which gave birth to several international provisions and agreements related to food safety and quality standards, feed safety and quality, genetically modified products, genetic resources, biological agents, invasive alien species, and control of the circulation of wild plants and animals and control of the circulation of rare plants and animals;
 - d. that several provisions in Law Number 10 of 1992 concerning Quarantine of Animals, Fish and Plants are no longer in accordance with the development and legal needs in the community due to the enactment of several laws related to the implementation of quarantine so that they need to be replaced;

e. that...



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e. that based on the considerations as referred to in letters a, b, c, and d, it is necessary to form a Law on Quarantine of Animals, Animals, and Plants;

Remembering : Article 20, Article 21, Article 28H paragraph (1), and Article 33 paragraph (3) of the 1945 Constitution of the Republic of Indonesia;

By mutual consent

THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA

and

PRESIDENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA

DECIDE:

Establishing the Law on the Quarantine of ANIMALS, FISH, AND PLANTS.

CHAPTER I

GENERAL CONDITIONS

Article 1

In this Law what is meant by:

1. Animal, Fish and Plant Quarantine, hereinafter referred to as Quarantine, is a system of preventing the entry, exit and spread of Quarantine animal pests and diseases, Quarantine fish pests and diseases, and Quarantine plant pest organisms; as well as the supervision and/or control of food safety and food quality, feed safety and feed quality, Genetic Engineering Products, Genetic Resources, Biological Agents, Invasive Alien Species, Wild Plants and Animals, and Rare Plants and Animals that are introduced into, spread from one area to another area, and/or removed from the territory of the Unitary State of the Republic of Indonesia.
2. Animal Pests and Diseases, Fish Pests and Diseases, and Plant Disturbing Organisms hereinafter referred to as Pests and Diseases are organisms that can damage, disrupt the life, or cause the death of Animals, Fish, or Plants as well as those that endanger human health and cause economic losses.

3. Pests.



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3. Quarantine Animal Pests and Diseases, hereinafter referred to as HPHK, are pests, pests and diseases, and animal diseases in the form of organisms that can damage, disrupt life, or cause animal death, endanger human health, cause social, economic losses of national and international trade determined by the Central Government to prevent entry into, spread within, and exit from the territory of the Unitary State of the Republic of Indonesia.
4. Quarantine Fish Pests and Diseases, hereinafter referred to as HPIK, are all fish pests and diseases that do not yet exist and / or have existed only in certain areas in the territory of the Unitary State of the Republic of Indonesia which in a relatively fast time can outbreak and cause socioeconomic harm or which can endanger public health which is determined by the Central Government to be prevented from entering into, spreading within, and / or out of the territory of the Unitary State of the Republic of Indonesia.
5. Quarantine Plant Disturbing Organisms, hereinafter abbreviated as OPTK, are organisms that can damage, disrupt the life or cause the death of plants, cause socioeconomic losses and have not been found in the territory of the Unitary State of the Republic of Indonesia or have been found in parts of the territory of the Unitary State of the Republic of Indonesia, which are determined by the Central Government to prevent entry into and spread within the territory of the Unitary State of the Republic of Indonesia.
6. Food is everything that comes from biological sources of agricultural products, plantations, forestry, fisheries, livestock, waters and water, both processed and unprocessed intended as food or drink for human consumption, including food additives, food raw materials, and other materials used in the process of preparing, processing, and/or making food or drink.
7. Feed is a single or mixed foodstuff, either processed or unprocessed, given to animals for survival, production and breeding.

8. Security.



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8. Food Safety is a condition and effort needed to prevent food from possible biological, chemical, and other contaminants that can disturb, harm, and endanger human health and does not conflict with the religion, beliefs, and culture of the community so that it is safe for consumption.
9. Feed Safety is the condition and effort needed to prevent feed from possible biological, chemical, and physical contamination that can disturb, harm, and/or endanger human, animal, and/or fish health.
10. Food quality is the value determined on the basis of food safety and nutritional content criteria.
11. Feed quality is the conformity of feed to the fulfillment of the requirements of the Indonesian national standard or the minimum technical requirements set.
12. Genetically Engineered Products or modified organisms hereinafter referred to as PRGs are living organisms, their parts, and/or their processed products that have a new genetic makeup from the application of modern biotechnology.
13. Genetic Resources, hereinafter abbreviated as SDG, are genetic resources derived from animals, fish, plants, and microorganisms that contain functional units that carry hereditary traits and that have real or potential value.
14. Biological Agents are any organisms that can be used for the purposes of controlling animal, fish, or plant disease, production processes, and processing of agricultural products for industrial, health, and environmental purposes.
15. Invasive Alien Species are animals, fish, plants, microorganisms, and other organisms that are not part of an ecosystem that can cause damage to ecosystems, the environment, economic losses, and/or have a negative impact on biodiversity and human health.

IC'. Plants



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16. Wild Plants and Animals are all plants that live in the wild and/or are kept by humans that still have the purity of species, or all animals that live on land, water, and/or air that still have wild characteristics, both those that live freely and those that are kept by humans.
17. Rare Plants and Animals are all plants or animals that live in the wild and/or are kept in captivity. which threatened extinction, slow breeding rate, limited distribution, small population, and protected in accordance with the provisions of the legislation.
18. Carrier Media of HPHK, HPIK, or OPTK hereinafter referred to as Carrier Media are animals, animal products, fish, fish products, plants, plant products, Food, Feed, PRG, SDG, Biological Agents, Invasive Foreign Species, Wild Plants and Animals, Rare Plants and Animals, and/or other Carrier Media that can carry HPHK, HPIK, or OPTK.
19. Animals are animals or creatures that spend all or part of their life cycle on land, in water, and/or in the air, either in captivity or in their habitat.
20. Animal Products are all materials derived from fresh and/or processed animals for consumption, pharmacoseutical, agricultural, feed, and/or other uses to fulfill human needs and benefits.
21. Fish are any type of organisms that spend all or part of their life cycle in an aquatic environment.
22. Fish Products are fish or its parts in a state of life or death, both unprocessed and processed.
23. Plants are plant-based natural resources or parts of them that are partially or completely in the terrestrial environment in a living state.
24. Plant Products are plants or their parts in a dead state, both unprocessed and processed.
25. Media. .



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25. Other Carrier Media are Carrier Media that are not classified as Animals, Animal Products, Fish, Fish Products, Plants, Plant Products that can carry HPHK, HPIK, or OPTK.
26. Places of Entry and Places of Exit are seaports, river ports, ferry ports, land ports, airports, post offices, border posts with other countries, and other places determined by the Central Government.
27. The area is an region administrative government, part of an island, island, or group of islands within the sovereign territory of the State Unitary Republic Indonesia associated with preventing the spread of HPHK, HPIK, and OPTK.
28. Quarantine Area is an area or region that is initially known to be free from Quarantine Pests and Diseases, but based on the results of monitoring found or there are indications of an attack of a Quarantine Pest and Disease that is still limited in its spread so that it must be isolated from the activities of entry or release of Carrier Media from and / or into the area or region to prevent its spread.
29. Quarantine installation is a building or room along with equipment, land, and other supporting facilities needed as a place to carry out Quarantine measures.
30. Traceability is the ability to trace the history, application, or location of a product or activity to retrieve data and information through an identification of related documents.
- 3i. The Central Government is the President of the Republic of Indonesia who holds the power of government of the Unitary State of the Republic of Indonesia assisted by the Vice President and ministers as referred to in the 1945 Constitution of the Republic of Indonesia.
32. Quarantine Officer is a State Civil Apparatus assigned to perform Quarantine measures under this Law.

33. Any



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33. Every Person is an individual or corporation, whether incorporated or unincorporated.
34. Carrier Media Owner, hereinafter referred to as Owner, is any person who owns the Carrier Media and/or is responsible for the entry, release, or transit of the Carrier Media.
35. Entry is the activity of introducing Carrier Media from outside into the territory of the Unitary State of the Republic of Indonesia or into an Area from another Area within the territory of the Unitary State of the Republic of Indonesia.
36. Expulsion is the activity of removing the Carrier Media out of the Territory of the Unitary State of the Republic of Indonesia or from an Area to another Area within the territory of the Unitary State of the Republic of Indonesia.
37. Transit is a temporary stopover of conveyance and/or Carrier Media at a seaport or airport on the way before arriving at the destination country or Place of Entry.
38. Other Party is any person who has been designated to assist certain Quarantine measures and/or provide Quarantine Installations.

Article 2

The implementation of Quarantine is based on the principle:

- a. sovereignty;
- b. justice;
- c. Protection;
- d. national security;
- e. Science;
- f. necessity;
- g. minimal impact;
- h. transparency;
- i. integration;
- j. confession;
- k. nondiscrimination; and
- l. sustainability.

Article 3...



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Article 3

Space scope organization Quarantine regulates
the Entry, Expenditure, and Transit of Carrier Media.

Article 4

The scope of regulation on Quarantine includes:

- a. implementation of Quarantine;
- b. the level of state protection based on risk analysis;
- c. types of HPHK, HPIK, OPTK, and Carrier Media;
- d. Quarantine requirements;
- e. Quarantine measures;
- f. Quarantine documents;
- g. supervision and/or control of Food Safety and Food Quality, Feed Safety and Feed Quality, GMOs, SDGs, Biological Agents, Invasive Alien Species, Wild Plants and Animals, and Rare Plants and Animals;
- h. Quarantine Area;
- i. traceability;
- j. Quarantine information system;
- k. Quarantine services;
- l. intelligence, special policing and investigation functions;
- m. quarantine work; and
- n. funding.

CHAPTER II

QUARANTINE ADMINISTRATION

Part One

Article 5

- (1) Implementation Quarantine based on based on the level of proper state protection against HPHK, HPI K, and OPTK.
- (2) Appropriate level of protection as referred to in paragraph (1) shall be implemented by conducting risk analysis.
- (3) Provisions regarding the determination of appropriate level of protection and risk analysis as referred to in paragraph (1) and paragraph (2) shall be regulated by or based on Government Regulation.

Article 6.



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Article 6

- (1) The entry of Carrier Media into the territory of the Unitary State of the Republic of Indonesia for the first time or a change in the status and situation of HPHK, HPIK, and OPTK in the country of origin is carried out a risk analysis.
- (2) The results of the risk analysis as referred to in paragraph (1) are the basis for conducting risk management.
- (3) Risk management as referred to in paragraph (2) is carried out based on an agreement on sanitary and phytosanitary standards between the two countries.

Article 7

The implementation of Quarantine is aimed at:

- a. prevent the entry of HPHK, HPIK, and OPTK from abroad into the territory of the Unitary State of the Republic of Indonesia;
- b. preventing the spread of HPHK, HPIK, and OPTK from one Area to another within the territory of the Unitary State of the Republic of Indonesia;
- c. preventing the release of HPHK, HPIK, and plant disruptive organisms from the territory of the Unitary State of the Republic of Indonesia;
- d. preventing the entry or exit of food and feed that does not comply with safety and quality standards;
- e. preventing the entry and spread of Biological Agents, Invasive Alien Species, and PRGs that have the potential to disrupt human health, animals, fish, plants, and environmental sustainability; and
- f. preventing the exit or entry of Wild Plants and Animals, Rare Plants and Animals, and SDGs from the territory of the Unitary State of the Republic of Indonesia or between Areas within the territory of the Unitary State of the Republic of Indonesia that are not in accordance with the law. in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations.

Article 8

- (1) The implementation of Quarantine as referred to in Article 7 is integrated and coordinated in the form of one agency.

(2) Conditions...



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- (2) Provisions regarding integration and coordination in the form of one agency as referred to in paragraph (1), including its duties and functions, shall be regulated by or based on a Government Regulation.

Article 9

- (1) The implementation of Quarantine as referred to in Article 7 is the authority of the Central Government.
- (2) To achieve the objectives as referred to in Article 7, Quarantine measures and supervision and/or control of the Carrier Media are carried out:
- incorporated into the territory of the Unitary State Republic of Indonesia;
 - removed from the territory of the Unitary State of the Republic of Indonesia;
 - entered or removed from an Area to another Area within the territory of the Unitary State of the Republic of Indonesia; or
 - transmitted within or outside the territory of the Unitary State of the Republic of Indonesia.
- (3) Supervision and/or control as referred to in paragraph (2) shall be conducted on Carrier Media in the form of Food, Feed, PRGs, SDGs, Biological Agents, Invasive Foreign Species, Wild Plants and Animals, and Rare Plants and Animals.

Article 10

For the implementation of Quarantine as referred to in Article 9, the Central Government is obliged to provide human resources and infrastructure and facilities.

Article 11

The Central Government determines the Place of Entry and Place of Expulsion of Carrier Media by considering:

- risk of entry and spread of HPHK, HPIK, and OPTK;
- the risk of the release of HPHK, HPIK, and plant-disrupting organisms;
- status and level of spread of HPHK, HPIK, and OPTK;
- sustainability source natural resources biological Animals, Fish, and Plants; and
- smooth and development system trade transportation system as well as the national economy.

Article 12...



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Article 12

- (1) To protect national interests, the Central Government may establish special Places of Entry to carry out maximum security Quarantine measures against Carrier Media with a high risk of transmission of HPHK, HPIK, and OPTK.
- (2) The national interests as referred to in paragraph (1) include the interests of science, research, and genetic quality improvement.
- (3) Provisions regarding special Places of Entry as referred to in paragraph (1) shall be regulated by or based on Government Regulation.

Second Section
Human Resources

Article 13

Human resources as referred to in Article 10 consist of:

- a. Quarantine Officer; and
- b. other officials.

Article 14

- (1) Quarantine Officer as referred to in Article 13 letter a consists of:
 - a. Animal Quarantine Officer;
 - b. Fish Quarantine Officer; and
 - c. Plant Quarantine Officer.
- (2) Quarantine Officers as referred to in paragraph (1) must have competence in accordance with their fields and are functional officials who are appointed and dismissed in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations.

Article 15

- (1) Other officials as referred to in Article 13 letter b consist of administrative, functional, and high leadership positions.
- (2) Officials...



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- (2) Other officials as referred to in paragraph (1) shall be regulated in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations.

Article 16

- (1) Quarantine Officer as referred to in Article 14 is in charge of performing Quarantine measures including:
- a. Inspection;
 - b. exile;
 - c. Observation;
 - d. Treatment;
 - e. detention;
 - f. rejection;
 - g. destruction; and
 - h. exemption.
- (2) In carrying out duties as referred to in paragraph (1), the Quarantine Officer is authorized:
- a. entering and inspecting conveyances, warehouses, storages, aprons, container terminals, as well as passenger departure and arrival halls at the Point of Entry and Point of Exit to determine the presence or absence of Carrier Media being entered and exited;
 - b. open or order others to open wrappers, packaging, shipment packages, containers, baggage, or holds to determine the presence or absence of Carrier Media that will or are being transited;
 - c. to enter and inspect storage, stockpiling, or other designated places or places suspected of containing Carrier Media originating from overseas or other Areas and where Quarantine measures have not been taken;
 - d. inspect all Carrier Media and take samples for further examination in the laboratory;
 - e. prohibit any unauthorized person from entering the installation, place of conveyance, and/or place of implementation of Quarantine measures without the approval of the Quarantine Officer;
 - f. prohibit any Person from unloading or removing any Carrier Media that is subject to Quarantine measures;
 - g. prohibit...



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- g. prohibits any Person from keeping, slaughtering, or killing any Animal at the point of Entry, at the point of Expulsion, or at the Quarantine Installation, except with the approval of the Quarantine Officer;
 - h. prohibits any person from unloading or disposing of animal and fish carcasses, plants, feed residue, garbage from conveyances that have been in contact with animals and fish;
 - i. determine the method of care and maintenance of Carrier Media that are subject to Quarantine measures; and
 - j. unseal and seal Carrier Media, packaging, conveyances, and installations that are being used as places of seclusion, observation, or detention.
- (3) In carrying out the duties as referred to in paragraph (1) and the authority as referred to in paragraph (2), the Quarantine Officer may coordinate with related agencies and/or other institutions.

Article 17

- (1) Animal Quarantine Officer as referred to in Article 14 paragraph (1) letter a, acts as veterinary authority for animal Quarantine on conveyance, Quarantine Installation, place of Entry, or place of Expulsion.
- (2) Act as veterinary authority for Animal Quarantine as referred to in paragraph (1) in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations.

Article 18

In carrying out their duties and authorities, Quarantine Officers as referred to in Article 13 letter a must comply with the professional code of ethics.

Article 19

In carrying out the duties and authorities as referred to in Article 16 paragraph (1) and paragraph (2), Quarantine Officers cannot be criminally prosecuted and/or civilly sued.

Article 20...



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Article 20

- (1) In addition to the obligation to provide human resources as referred to in Article 10, the Central Government is obliged to improve the expertise and skills of Quarantine Officers to meet competency standards.
- (2) Fulfillment of competency standards as referred to in paragraph (1) is carried out through education and / or training in stages.
- (3) Provisions regarding the implementation of education and/or training as referred to in paragraph (2) shall be regulated by or based on Government Regulation.

**Infrastructure
Gang Chart**

Article 21

- (1) Infrastructure as referred to in Article 10 is in the form of land and buildings used as a place for the implementation of Quarantine measures at the Point of Entry and Point of Expenditure and/or outside the Point of Entry and Point of Expenditure.
- (2) In providing infrastructure as referred to in paragraph (1), the authorities of the Points of Entry and Points of Exit shall coordinate with the agency that organizes affairs in the field of quarantine.

**Fourth Section
Facilities**

Article 22

Facilities as referred to in Article 10 include:

- a. Quarantine Installation;
- b. other places outside the Quarantine Installation; and
- c. laboratory
and its accessories.

Article 23...



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Article 23

- (1) For the purpose of implementing Quarantine measures, the Central Government is obliged to build Quarantine Installations at the Port of Entry and Port of Expenditure and/or outside the Port of Entry and Port of Expenditure.
- (2) The construction of Quarantine Installation as referred to in paragraph (1) must fulfill technical requirements:
 - a. risk analysis of the spread of HPHK, HPIK, and OPTK;
 - b. Animal and Fish welfare;
 - c. product safety; and
 - d. socio-cultural and environmental.

Article 24

- (1) If the Central Government Quarantine Installation facility is not yet available or the capacity of the Quarantine Installation cannot accommodate the entire Carrier Media, the Central Government may appoint another Party Quarantine Installation.
- (2) Other Party Quarantine Installation as referred to in paragraph (1) must be a legal entity and fulfill the technical requirements as referred to in Article 23 paragraph (2).
- (3) Further provisions regarding the determination of Other Party Quarantine Installation as referred to in paragraph (2) shall be regulated by or based on Government Regulation.

Article 25

To fulfill national interests, animals, fish, and plants from countries that are not free of HPHK, HPIK, and OPTK can be imported by carrying out maximum security Quarantine measures.

Article 26

- (1) For the purpose of implementing Quarantine measures, the Central Government is obliged to build Quarantine laboratories inside or outside the Places of Entry and Places of Expenditure.

(2) Laboratory...



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- (2) Quarantine Laboratory as referred to in paragraph (1) must be built in accordance with standards and/or accredited in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations.
- (3) In the event that the Quarantine laboratory as referred to in paragraph (2) is inadequately equipped for the purposes of implementing Quarantine measures, it may use laboratories owned by universities or accredited private laboratories.

CHAPTER III

DETERMINATION OF THE TYPE OF HPHK,
HPIK, OPTK AND CARRIER MEDIA

Article 27

- (1) The Central Government determines the type:
 - a. HPHK, HPIK, and OPTK;
 - b. Carrier of HPHK, HPIK, and OPTK; and
 - c. Carrier Media that are prohibited from being entered, released, and transmitted in or into the territory of the Unitary State of the Republic of Indonesia.
- (2) The Central Government in determining the types of HPHK, HPIK, OPTK, Carrier Media, and Carrier Media that are prohibited as referred to in paragraph (1) must:
 - a. based on the results of risk analysis and its distribution area; and
 - b. pay attention to the protection of biological resources.
- (3) To find out the potential distribution areas as referred to in paragraph (2) letter a, monitoring and/or surveillance activities are carried out.
- (4) Further provisions regarding the determination of the types of HPHK, HPIK, OPTK, Carrier Media, and prohibited Carrier Media as referred to in paragraph (1) shall be regulated by or based on Government Regulations.

CHAPTER IV ...



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CHAPTER IV

IMPLEMENTATION OF QUARANTINE MEASURES

Part One

Article 28

- (1) The implementation of Quarantine measures is carried out prior to the submission of import or export customs declarations.
- (2) The implementation of Quarantine measures as referred to in paragraph (1) shall be carried out using risk categories.

Article 29

- (1) Each person in charge of the conveyance must submit a notification document of Carrier Media Entry to the Quarantine Officer.
- (2) The person in charge of the conveyance who violates the provisions as referred to in paragraph (1) shall be subject to administrative sanctions.
- (3) Procedures for the imposition of administrative sanctions as referred to in paragraph (2) shall be regulated by or based on Government Regulations.

Article 30

- (1) Quarantine Officer shall examine the notification document as referred to in Article 29 paragraph (1) by examining:
 - a. conveyance load list document; and
 - b. load content of the conveyance.
- (2) System managers who integrate information handling documents, customs documents, quarantine documents, documents establishment documents, port/airport documents, and other documents nationally, are obliged to provide access to Quarantine Officials to carry out inspection actions as referred to in paragraph (1).

Article 31 . .



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Article 31

Carrier Media that has the potential to transmit HPHK, HPIK, or OPTK which has the nature of transmission and how to detect it requires a relatively longer observation period is carried out Quarantine measures at the post-entry Quarantine Installation.

Article 32

- (1) The implementation of post-entry Quarantine Measures on Wild Plants and Animals and Rare Plants and Animals kept or bred in a controlled environment or condition is carried out routinely and continuously in the maintenance area or breeding area.
- (2) Provisions regarding the maintenance or breeding areas as referred to in paragraph (1) shall be regulated by or based on Government Regulation.

Second Section Quarantine Action Requirements

Article 33

- (1) Every person who enters the Carrier Media into the territory of the Unitary State of the Republic of Indonesia shall:
 - a. complete a health certificate from the country of origin for Animals, Animal Products, Fish, Fish Products, Plants, and/or Plant Products;
 - b. entering the Carrier Media through the Place of Entry designated by the Central Government; and
 - c. report and submit the Carrier Media to the Quarantine Officer at the Port of Entry designated by the Central Government for the purposes of Quarantine measures and supervision and/or control.
- (2) In addition to reporting and submitting health certificates and Carrier Media as referred to in paragraph (1), Every Person who imports Carrier Media submits other documents required in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations.

(3) Obligation...



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- (3) The obligation as referred to in paragraph (1) letter a is exempted for Other Carrier Media.
- (4) In the case of Carrier Media as referred to in paragraph (1) Transit in a country, a health certificate from the Transit country must be included.

Article 34

- (1) Every person who removes the Carrier Media from the territory of the Unitary State of the Republic of Indonesia shall:
 - a. complete health certificates for Animals, Animal Products, Ikari, Ikari Products, Plants, and/or Plant Products;
 - b. issue the Carrier Media through the Place of Expulsion stipulated by the Central Government; and
 - c. report and submit the Carrier Media to the Quarantine Officer at the Place of Expulsion designated by the Central Government for the purposes of Quarantine measures and supervision and/or control.
- (2) In addition to reporting and submitting health certificates and Carrier Media as referred to in paragraph (1), Every Person who releases Carrier Media submits other documents required in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations.

Article 35

- (1) Every Person who enters and/or removes Carrier Media from an Area to another Area within the territory of the Unitary State of the Republic of Indonesia shall:
 - a. complete a health certificate from the Place of Expulsion established by the Central Government for animals, animal products, fish, fish products, plants, and/or plant products;
 - b. enter and/or exit the Carrier Media through the Points of Entry and Points of Expenditure established by the Central Government; and
 - c. report and submit the Carrier Media to the Quarantine Officer at the Port of Entry and Port of Exit established by the Central Government for the purposes of Quarantine measures and supervision and/or control.

(2) In addition to .



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- (2) In addition to reporting and submitting health certificates and Carrier Media as referred to in paragraph (1), any Person who imports and/or exports Carrier Media submits other documents required in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations.
- (3) The obligation as referred to in paragraph (1) letter a is exempted for Other Carrier Media.
- (4) In the event that the Carrier Media as referred to in paragraph (1) Transit in an Area, a Transit certificate issued by the Quarantine Officer of the place of Transit shall be provided.

Third Section
Quarantine
Measures

Paragraph 1
General

Article 36

- (1) Quarantine Measures as referred to in Article 16 paragraph (1) against Carrier Media shall be carried out by Quarantine Officer.
- (2) Quarantine Measures as referred to in paragraph (1) are carried out at the Place of Entry and Place of Expenditure, both inside and outside the Quarantine Installation.

Paragraph 2
Examination

Article 37

Examination as referred to in Article 16 paragraph (1) letter a consists of:

- a. administrative and document conformity checks; and
- b. health inspection, food safety test, feed safety test, food quality test, and/or feed quality test.

Article 38 . .



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Article 38

- (1) Administrative examination and document suitability as referred to in Article 37 letter a is carried out to find out:
 - a. completeness, correctness, and validity of documents requirements; and
 - b. conformity of type and quantity of Carrier Media with Quarantine requirement documents.
- (2) The required documents as referred to in paragraph (1) may take the form of printed documents or electronic documents.
- (3) The use of electronic documents as referred to in paragraph (2) is adjusted to the provisions of laws and regulations in the field of information and electronic transactions.

Article 39

Examination and/or test as referred to in Article 37 letter b is carried out clinically, physically, visually, and/or laboratorically to detect HPHK, HPIK, and OPTK and:

- a. know the physical condition of the Carrier Media; and/or
- b. know Food Safety, Feed Safety, Food Quality, and Feed Quality.

Article 40

In the event that the health examination as referred to in Article 37 letter b is conducted on Animals, Animal Products, Fish, and Fish Products where Pests and Animal Diseases or Pests and Fish Diseases of zoonotic nature are found, the Quarantine Officer shall coordinate with the port health doctor from/ or the agency responsible for zoonosis.

Paragraph 3

Seclusion and Observation

Article 41

- (1) Seclusion and observation as referred to in Article 16 paragraph (1) letter b and letter c are carried out to detect certain HPHK, HPIK, or OPTK which due to their nature require long time, facilities, and/or special conditions.

(2) Exile...



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- (2) Seclusion and observation as referred to in paragraph (1), of Carrier Media that can read HPHK or HPIK is carried out based on:
 - a. risk analysis results; and/or
 - b. health examination results found clinical symptoms of HPHK or HPIK.
- (3) Seclusion and observation as referred to in paragraph (1) of Carrier Media that can carry OPTK are carried out based on the results of risk analysis.

Article 42

- (1) Observations are made at the Point of Entry and Point of Exit or at the designated Quarantine Installation.
- (2) In addition to the observations as referred to in paragraph (1), for expenditures outside the territory of the Unitary State of the Republic of Indonesia, observations may be adjusted to the agreement of the destination country.

Paragraph 4
Treatment

Article 43

- (1) The treatment as referred to in Article 16 paragraph (1) letter d is carried out to free or purify the Carrier Media or other actions that are preventive, curative, and/or promotive.
- (2) The treatment as referred to in paragraph (1) is required if after inspection or seclusion and observation it turns out that the Carrier Media:
 - a. infected or suspected of being infected with HPHK or HPIK; or
 - b. not free or suspected of not being free from pests.
- (3) The treatment as referred to in paragraph (2) letter a can only be carried out after the Carrier Media has been physically examined first and judged not to interfere with further observation and examination.

Paragraph 5 . .



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Paragraph
5
Detention

Article 44

- (1) Detention as referred to in Article 16 paragraph (1) letter e is carried out to secure the Carrier Media under the supervision of Quarantine Officer.
- (2) Detention as referred to in paragraph (1) shall be carried out if after the inspection as referred to in Article 37 letter a, the required documents have not been fully complied with and/or the Owner guarantees to be able to fulfill the required documents.
- (3) Fulfillment of the required documents as referred to in paragraph (2), no later than 3 (three) working days after the Owner receives the detention letter.

Paragraph
6
Rejection

Article 45

- (1) Rejection as referred to in Article 16 paragraph (1) letter f is carried out to avoid the spread of HPHK, HPIK, or OPTK and to avoid human health problems and damage to biological natural resources.
- (2) Rejection as referred to in paragraph (1), of Carrier Media that is entered into, removed from, or introduced from an Area to another Area within the territory of the Unitary State of the Republic of Indonesia is carried out if:
 - a. after inspection on the conveyance at the Place of Entry:
 1. infected with HPHK, HPIK, or not free from OPTK;
or
 2. species whose entry is prohibited.
 - b. requirements as referred to in Article 33, Article 34, or Article 35 are not met;
 - c. after being given the treatment as referred to in Article 43 cannot be cured and/or disucġhamakan from HPHK, or HPIK, or cannot be freed from OPTK; or
 - d. after...



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- d. after the deadline for the fulfillment of the required documents as referred to in Article 44 paragraph (3) expires, the overall requirements that must be completed are not fulfilled.
- (3) The rejection as referred to in paragraph (2) shall be carried out in the following manner:
 - a. untuk Carrier **Media** that is **entered into the** territory of the Unitary State of the Republic of Indonesia is immediately removed from the territory of the Unitary State of the Republic of Indonesia; or
 - b. for Carrier Media introduced from an Area to another Area within the territory of the Unitary State of the Republic of Indonesia is immediately removed from the destination Area.
- (4) Expulsion of Carrier Media as referred to in paragraph (3) shall be carried out no later than 3 (three) working days after rejection by the Quarantine Officer.
- (5) The rejected Carrier Media as referred to in paragraph (4), during the rejection period, shall be under the control of the Quarantine Officer.
- (6) The release of Carrier Media as referred to in paragraph (4) shall be carried out by the Owner under the supervision of the Quarantine Officer.
- (7) Rejection as referred to in paragraph (1) of the Carrier Media Release is carried out by returning it to the Owner and no health certificate is issued.

Article 46

- (1) Rejection as referred to in Article 45 may be carried out against Carrier Media in Transit into or between Areas to other Areas in the territory of the Unitary State of the Republic of Indonesia.
- (2) Rejection as referred to in paragraph (1) shall be carried out by the Quarantine Officer and in coordination with the person in charge at the Point of Entry and Point of Expenditure.

Paragraph 7...



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Paragraph 7
Destruction

Article 47

- (1) Destruction as referred to in Article 16 paragraph (1) letter g is carried out by burning, destroying, burying, and/or other appropriate destruction methods, so that the Carrier Media is no longer possible to be a source of Hanna and Disease spread and does not interfere with human health and does not cause damage to biological natural resources.
- (2) In the case of Carrier Media in the form of Animals and Fish, destruction must pay attention to the principle of Animal and Fish welfare in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations.

Article 48

- (1) Destruction as referred to in Article 47 of Carrier Media introduced into or introduced from an Area to another Area within the territory of the Unitary State of the Republic of Indonesia is carried out if after the Carrier Media:
 - a. unloaded from the conveyance and inspected, it was found to be rotten or damaged;
 - b. observed in seclusion, found to be infected with HPHK, HPIK, or not free from OPTK determined by the Central Government;
 - c. refusal is made as referred to in Article 45, it turns out that the Carrier Media is not immediately taken out of the territory of the Unitary State of the Republic of Indonesia or from the destination Area by the Owner within the stipulated time limit; or
 - d. unloaded from the conveyance and given treatment, it turns out that it cannot be cured and/or purified from HPHK or HPIK, or cannot be freed from OPTK.
- (2) The Carrier Media to be destroyed as referred to in paragraph (1) shall be under the control of the Quarantine Officer.

(3) Owner. .



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- (3) The owner shall bear all costs incurred in carrying out the destruction as referred to in paragraph (1) and shall not be entitled to claim compensation.
- (4) Destruction as referred to in paragraph (1) shall be carried out by the Quarantine Officer and shall be witnessed by officers of other related agencies.

Article 49

Destruction as referred to in Article 48 paragraph (1) of Carrier Media in the form of Wild Plants and Animals and Rare Plants and Animals in addition to being witnessed by officers as referred to in Article 48 paragraph (4) must be coordinated with the agency in charge of conservation and natural resources.

Article 50

- (1) In the event that the owner of the Carrier Media entered is not found, the Carrier Media is still carried out inspection measures.
- (2) If the result of the examination as referred to in paragraph (1) turns out that the Carrier Media:
 - a. infected with HPHK, HPIK, or not free from OPTK; and/or
 - b. after given treatment not can cured and/or sterilizeddestruction action is taken.
- (3) Destruction as referred to in paragraph (2) letter a is the responsibility of the Central Government.

Article 31

Destruction can be carried out on Carrier Media that is unloaded during Transit into or from an Area to another Area in the territory of the Unitary State of the Republic of Indonesia.

Article 32

Destruction of Carrier Media carried out outside the Quarantine Installation outside the Place of Entry must be coordinated in advance with the local government.

Article 53 . .



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Article 53

- (1) For Carrier Media that have been rejected as a result of non-fulfillment of the required documents as referred to in Article 45 paragraph (2) letter d and the Owner does not carry out the obligations as referred to in Article 45 paragraph (6), a health examination may be carried out.
- (2) If based on the results of the examination as referred to in paragraph (1) it is found that the Carrier Media:
 - a. infected with HPHK, HPIK, or not free from OPTK, and after being treated cannot be cured and / or purified, destruction is carried out; or
 - b. not infected with HPHK, HPIK, or free from OPTK, the Carrier Media is controlled by the state.

Article 54

- (1) Carrier Media in the form of leftover feed, dead animals and fish, goods or materials that have been in contact with animals and fish, and waste in the form of food scraps containing animal, fish and plant origin, which are unloaded from the conveyance at the place of entry or transit must be destroyed by the person in charge of the conveyance under the supervision of the Quarantine Officer.
- (2) Carrier Media in the form of food scraps or Animal, Fish and Plant Products that do not meet Quarantine requirements brought by passengers to the Port of Entry must be disposed of in the Quarantine waste bin box.
- (3) Destruction of waste as referred to in paragraph (1) and if necessary destruction of Carrier Media as referred to in paragraph (2) must be carried out at the Place of Entry or other designated places.
- (4) Destruction as referred to in paragraph (3) shall be carried out through coordination and assistance of the person in charge of the Place of Entry.

Paragraph 8...



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Paragraph 8
Liberation

Article 55

- (1) Exemption as referred to in Article 16 paragraph (1) letter h is carried out by issuing:
 - a. a release certificate for Entry; or
 - b. health certificate or sanitation certificate for Dispensing.
- (2) The release as referred to in paragraph (1) of the Carrier Media introduced into or introduced from an Area to another Area within the territory of the Unitary State of the Republic of Indonesia shall be carried out if it is found that:
 - a. after examination as referred to in Article 37 letter b, is not infected with HPHK, HPIK, or free from OPTK;
 - b. after seclusion and observation as referred to in Article 41, is not infected with HPHK, HPIK, or free from OPTK; or
 - c. after treatment as referred to in Article 43, can be cured from HPHK, HPIK, or can be freed from OPTK.

Fourth Part
Quarantine Measures in Certain Cases

Paragraph 1
Quarantine Measures Outside the Place of Entry
and Place of Expenditure

Article 56

- (1) Quarantine Measures outside the Place of Entry can be carried out in the country of origin and/or Transit country.
- (2) Quarantine measures may be carried out outside the Place of Expulsion.
- (3) Provisions regarding Quarantine measures as referred to in paragraph (1) and paragraph (2) shall be regulated by or based on Government Regulation.

Article 57 . .



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Article 57

- (1) The entry of Carrier Media that has a high risk for the entry of HPHK, HPIK, or OPTK into the territory of the Unitary State of the Republic of Indonesia must include approval from the Quarantine authority in the country of origin and/or Transit country and after receiving consideration based on the assessment of the Quarantine Officer.
- (2) The results of the Quarantine Officer Assessment as referred to in paragraph (1) must be based on technical requirements.
- (3) Authorized officials in the country of origin or country of transit are notified before assigning Quarantine Officers to conduct the assessment.

Paragraph 2
Quarantine Measures on Organic Animals or
Organic Fish

Article 58

- (1) Organic animals or organic fish are animals or fish that are intensively trained and maintained to assist official duties.
- (2) Organic animals or organic fish introduced into, introduced and removed from an Area to another Area, or removed from within the territory of the Unitary State of the Republic of Indonesia follow the Quarantine requirements in this Law.
- (3) Provisions regarding Quarantine measures against organic Animals or organic Fish as referred to in paragraph (2) shall be regulated by or based on Government Regulation.

Paragraph 3
Action Quarantine against Carrier Media Entry that is
Rejected by the Country or Area of Destination

Article 59

- (1) Re-entry of Carrier Media rejected by the country or Area to which Quarantine measures are applied.

(2) Income...



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- (2) Re-entry of Carrier Media as referred to in paragraph (1) must be accompanied by a rejection letter from the destination country or Area.
- (3) The health certificate accompanying the Carrier Media at the time of Expulsion may be applied as a health certificate or sanitary certificate for Re-entry.

Paragraph 4
Quarantine Measures against Carry-on Goods

Article 60

- (1) Carrier Media originating from countries, areas, or places that are not prohibited, or are not of a prohibited type may be carried as luggage for their own use.
- (2) Quarantine measures shall be taken against the luggage as referred to in paragraph (1).
- (3) Further provisions regarding Carrier Media as luggage as referred to in paragraph (1) shall be regulated by or based on Government Regulation.

Paragraph 5
Quarantine Measures in Emergencies

Article 61

- (1) In the event that the conveyance containing the Carrier Media due to an emergency is required to dock or land not at the intended Place of Entry, the person in charge of the conveyance shall immediately report to the Quarantine Officer or the nearest Government agency officer.
- (2) The nearest Quarantine Officer as referred to in paragraph (1) shall perform Quarantine measures in an emergency under the provisions of this Law.

Paragraph 6.



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Paragraph 6
Quarantine Measures by Other Parties

Article 62

- (1) Quarantine Measures as referred to in Article 36 may be performed and/or assisted by Other Parties under the supervision of Quarantine Officer.
- (2) Quarantine measures as referred to in paragraph (1) include health inspection, seclusion, observation, treatment, and/or destruction.
- (3) Provisions regarding Quarantine measures that may be performed and/or assisted by Other Parties as referred to in paragraph (1) shall be regulated by or based on Government Regulation.

Paragraph 7
Quarantine Measures Against Carrier Media Intended as Disaster
Relief Aid

Article 63

- (1) Entry of Carrier Media intended as disaster relief aid shall be subject to Quarantine measures in the form of health examination, Food Safety test, Feed Safety test, Food Quality test, and/or Feed Quality test as referred to in Article 37 letter b.
- (2) The health examination as referred to in paragraph (1) is carried out if:
 - a. The HPHK and HPIK Carrier Media does not originate from countries or areas where there is an outbreak of HPHK or HPIK; or
 - b. OPTK Carrier Media does not come from a country where there is an OPTK explosion and is not found in the territory of the Unitary State of the Republic of Indonesia.
- (3) Carrier Media originating from countries or areas where HPHK or HPIK outbreaks occur, or OPTK explosions occur and are not found in the territory of the Unitary State of the Republic of Indonesia, are prohibited from entry.

(4) When...



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- (4) If the Carrier Media as referred to in paragraph (3) has entered the territory of the Unitary State of the Republic of Indonesia, rejection action shall be taken.

Paragraph 8
Quarantine Measures Against Persons, Conveyances,
Equipment, Water, or Packaging

Article 64

- (1) Quarantine measures may be imposed on persons, conveyances, equipment, water, or packaging known or suspected to carry HPHK, HPIK, or OPTK.
- (2) Provisions regarding Quarantine measures against persons, conveyances, equipment, water, or packaging as referred to in paragraph (1), shall be regulated by or based on Government Regulations.

Paragraph 9
Quarantine Measures Against Carrier Media for Exhibition,
Circus, and/or Contest

Article 65

- (1) Quarantine measures shall be applied to the entry and exit of Carrier Media whose traffic is temporary in countries or areas where exhibitions, circuses, and/or contests are held.
- (2) Provisions regarding Quarantine measures against Carrier Media whose traffic is temporary as referred to in paragraph (1) shall be regulated by or based on Government Regulation.

Paragraph 10
Quarantine Measures across State Borders

Article 66

- (1) Quarantine measures are carried out on the Entry and Exit of Carrier Media through Entry Points and Exit Points across national borders by border crossers after fulfilling certain requirements.

(2) Conditions. .



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- (2) Provisions regarding the Entry and Exit of Carrier Media by border crossers as referred to in paragraph (1) shall be regulated by or based on Government Regulation.

Paragraph 11

Quarantine Measures on Carrier Media Transit and
Transport Equipment Transit

Article 67

- (1) Transit of Carrier Media and Transit of conveyance is only allowed if it is carried out through designated Entry Points and Exit Points.
- (2) The owner conducting Transit of Carrier Media as referred to in paragraph (1) shall report and submit the Carrier Media to the local Quarantine Officer upon arrival for Quarantine measures.
- (3) The person in charge of the conveyance conducting Transit of conveyance as referred to in paragraph (1) shall report the arrival of the conveyance to the local Quarantine Officer prior to the arrival of the conveyance for Quarantine measures.
- (4) The person in charge of the conveyance as referred to in paragraph (3) is prohibited from unloading Carrier Media from the conveyance that is in Transit.
- (5) The person in charge of the conveyance who violates the provisions as referred to in paragraph (3) and paragraph (4) shall be subject to administrative sanctions.
- (6) Provisions regarding administrative sanctions as referred to in paragraph (5) shall be regulated by or based on Government Regulation.

Article 68

- (1) During Transit Carrier Media as referred to in Article 67 paragraph (1) shall be under the supervision of Quarantine Officer.
- (2) The Carrier Media as referred to in paragraph (1) may be examined if the destination country requires or at the discretion of the Quarantine Officer.

Paragraph 12.



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Paragraph 12
Quarantine Measures Against Detained Goods Article 69

- (1) Quarantine officials are authorized to carry out Quarantine measures on Carrier Media with the status of detained goods or evidence in a judicial case, before being handed over to authorized officials or agencies to prevent the spread of HPHK, HPIK, or OPTK.
- (2) In the event that the Quarantine measure as referred to in paragraph (1) is in the form of destruction, the minutes of destruction may be used as evidence.

Fifth Section Quarantine
Action Documents

Article 70

- (1) Every Quarantine action as referred to in Article 16 paragraph (1), a Quarantine action document shall be issued and if necessary, a Quarantine seal shall be installed by the Quarantine Officer in accordance with his/her field of competence.
- (2) Every Person is prohibited from opening, removing, breaking, disposing of, or damaging the Quarantine seal as referred to in paragraph (1) without permission from the Quarantine Officer in accordance with his/her field of competence.
- (3) Quarantine action documents as referred to in paragraph (1) may take the form of printed documents and/or electronic documents.
- (4) The use of electronic documents as referred to in paragraph (3) must comply with the provisions of laws and regulations in the field of information and electronic transactions.
- (5) Quarantine action documents as referred to in paragraph (1) shall be submitted to the Owner.
- (6) Quarantine officials who do not submit Quarantine action documents as referred to in paragraph (5) shall be subject to administrative sanctions in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations.

(7) Conditions. .



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- (7) Provisions concerning the types, forms, and procedures for issuing Quarantine action documents and Quarantine seals as referred to in paragraph (1) shall be regulated by or based on Government Regulation.

Sixth Section

State-controlled Carrier Media Article 71

- (1) Against the Carrier Media:
 - a. not known or not Owner/proxy is not found; or
 - b. handed over by other agencies based on the results of the examination not infected or not found HPHK, HPIK, or OPTK, controlled by the state.
- (2) Control by the state as referred to in paragraph (1) shall be carried out in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations.

CHAPTER V

SUPERVISION AND CONTROL OF FOOD SAFETY AND FOOD QUALITY, FEED SAFETY AND FEED QUALITY, GENETICALLY MODIFIED PRODUCTS, GENETIC RESOURCES, BIOLOGICAL AGENTS, INVASIVE ALIEN SPECIES, WILD PLANTS AND ANIMALS, AND ENDANGERED PLANTS AND ANIMALS.

Article 72

- (1) The implementation of supervision and/or control of Import and Expenditure of Food Safety and Food Quality, Feed Safety and Feed Quality, PRG, SDG, Biological Agents, Invasive Alien Species, Wild Plants and Animals, and Rare Plants and Animals at the Point of Entry and Point of Expenditure is carried out in an integrated manner with Quarantine measures.
- (2) Provisions regarding the implementation of supervision and/or control as referred to in paragraph (1) shall be regulated by or based on Government Regulation.

CHAPTER VI ...



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CHAPTER VI

QUARANTINE AREA

Article 73

- (1) In the event that an outbreak of HPHK, HPIK, or OPTK is found or there are indications of an outbreak in an area that was originally known to be free of HPHK, HPIK, or OPTK, it can be designated as a Quarantine Area.
- (2) The establishment of Quarantine Area as referred to in paragraph {1) is carried out by the Central Government temporarily.
- (3) Determination of Quarantine Area as referred to in paragraph (2) shall be carried out based on:
 - a. assessment of the extent of HPHK, HPIK, or OPTK infestation;
 - b. the status, situation, and epidemiology of HPH K, HPIK, or PESTS;
 - c. considerations socioeconomic and culture of the local community; and
 - d. input from the local government.

Article 74

Before being designated as a Quarantine Area, the local government in accordance with its authority can carry out control and countermeasures in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations.

Article 75

Further provisions regarding the requirements, procedures for the establishment, revocation and supervision of Quarantine Areas as referred to in Article 73 shall be regulated by or based on Government Regulations.

Article 76

- (1) Quarantine Officials in Quarantine Areas are obliged to supervise the traffic of Carrier Media at the Place of Entry and Place of Expenditure.

(2) In. .



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- (2) In conducting supervision as referred to in paragraph (1), the Quarantine Officer shall coordinate with the local government.

CHAPTER VII

TRACEABILITY

Article 77

- (1) The government applies traceability from pre-production, production, distribution, processing, and marketing in order to provide assurance:
 - a. Animal, Fish, and Plant health; and
 - b. Food Safety and Food Quality and Feed Safety and Feed Quality.
- (2) Provisions regarding traceability as referred to in paragraph (1) shall be regulated by or based on Government Regulation.

CHAPTER VIII

QUARANTINE INFORMATION SYSTEM

Article 78

- (1) The Central Government is obliged to organize an integrated Quarantine information system.
- (2) Quarantine information system as referred to in paragraph (1) includes collecting, processing, analyzing, storing, presenting, and disseminating Quarantine data and information for:
 - a. supporting Quarantine operations;
 - b. improve service to actors business and the community; and
 - c. support policy formulation in the field of Quarantine.
- (3) The Quarantine information system as referred to in paragraph (1) must be accessible easily and quickly by business actors and the public.

Article 79

- (1) In the implementation of Quarantine, electronic information data can be exchanged with agencies within the country or with other countries.

(2) Data. .



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- (2) Electronic information data as referred to in paragraph (1) can be used as valid evidence under this Law.
- (3) Provisions regarding the procedures for electronic information data exchange as referred to in paragraph (1) shall be regulated by or based on Government Regulation.

CHAPTER IX

NASA ANIMAL, FISH AND PLANT QUARANTINE

Article 80

- (1) Every person who utilizes Quarantine services or facilities provided by the Central Government in the implementation of Quarantine measures is subject to Quarantine service fees.
- (2) Quarantine service fees as referred to in paragraph (1) constitute non-tax state revenue and must be deposited into the state treasury in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations.

CHAPTER X

INTELLIGENCE, SPECIAL POLICE, AND INVESTIGATION FUNCTIONS

Part One
Intelligence
Function

Article 81

- (1) To support the implementation of Quarantine, Quarantine Officers may conduct intelligence activities.
- (2) Intelligence activities as referred to in paragraph (1) coordinate with the agency responsible for state intelligence and/or other agencies that perform intelligence functions.

Section.



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Second Section
Special Police Functions

Article 82

Special police carry out security, escort, prevention, deterrence, patrols, and non-judicial actions in accordance with the provisions in this Law.

Third Section
Investigation
Function

Article 83

- (1) In addition to investigating officials of the Indonesian National Police, certain civil servants within the agency that organizes the Quarantine function are given special authority as investigators as referred to in the Criminal Procedure Law to conduct investigations in accordance with this Law.
- (2) Investigators who carry out the Quarantine function as referred to in paragraph (1) are authorized to:
 - a. to examine the truth of reports or information regarding criminal offenses in the field of Quarantine;
 - b. summon a person to be heard and examined as a suspect or witness in a criminal offense in the field of Quarantine;
 - c. to arrest, detain, search, and seize evidence of criminal acts in the field of Quarantine;
 - d. request information and evidence from persons or entities in connection with criminal offenses in the field of Quarantine;
 - e. make and sign the minutes; and/or
 - f. stop the investigation.
- (3) Investigators as referred to in paragraph (2) shall notify the following commencement of investigation and submit the results of the investigation to the public prosecutor.

(4) In...



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- (4) In carrying out the investigation, the investigator as referred to in paragraph (2) may coordinate with investigators of the Indonesian National Police.
- (5) After conducting the investigation as referred to in paragraph (3), the investigator as referred to in paragraph (1) shall submit the case file to the public prosecutor.

CHAPTER XI

QUARANTINE COOPERATION

Article 84

- (1) The agency that carries out government duties in the field of Quarantine can collaborate with agencies that carry out functions:
 - a. immigration;
 - b. customs; and/or
 - c. education and research.
- (2) In addition to cooperation with agencies as referred to in paragraph (1), agencies may cooperate with other institutions or agencies.
- (3) The cooperation as referred to in paragraph (1) and paragraph (2) is carried out both nationally and internationally.

CHAPTER

XII FUNDING

Article 85

Funding for the implementation of Quarantine under this Law is charged to the state revenue and expenditure budget.

CHAPTER XIII...



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CHAPTER XIII PENAL

PROVISIONS

Article 86

Everyone who:

- a. entering Carrier Media by not completing health certificates from the country of origin for Animals, Animal Products, Fish, Fish Products, Plants, and/or Plant Products as referred to in Article 33 paragraph (1) letter a;
- b. enter the Carrier Media not through the Place of Entry stipulated by the Central Government, as referred to in Article 33 paragraph (1) letter b;
- c. not reporting or not submitting the Carrier Media to the Quarantine Officer at the Port of Entry stipulated by the Central Government for the purposes of Quarantine measures and supervision and/or control as referred to in Article 33 paragraph (1) letter c; and/or
- d. transmitting the Carrier Media does not include a health certificate from the transit country as referred to in Article 33 paragraph (4)

shall be punished with a maximum imprisonment of 10 (ten) years and a maximum fine of Rp10,000,000,000.00 (ten billion rupiah).

Article 87

Everyone who:

- a. issuing Carrier Media by not completing health certificates for Animals, Animal Products, Fish, Fish Products, Plants, and/or Plant Products as referred to in Article 34 paragraph (1) letter a;
- b. issuing Carrier Media not through the Place of Expulsion stipulated by the Central Government, as referred to in Article 34 paragraph (1) letter b; and/or

c. No...



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- c. does not report or does not submit the Carrier Media to the Quarantine Officer at the Place of Expenditure established by the Central Government for the purposes of Quarantine measures and supervision and/or control as referred to in Article 34 paragraph (1) letter c shall be punished with a maximum imprisonment of 3 (three) years and a maximum fine of Rp3,000,000,000.00 (three billion rupiah).

Article 88

Everyone who:

- a. entering or releasing Carrier Media from an Area to another Area within the territory of the Unitary State of the Republic of Indonesia that does not complete a health certificate from the Place of Expulsion established by the Central Government for Animals, Animal Products, Fish, Fish Products, Plants, and/or Plant Products as referred to in Article 35 paragraph (1) letter a;
 - b. entering and/or discharging not through the Port of Entry and Port of Exit stipulated by the Central Government, as referred to in Article 35 paragraph (1) letter b;
 - c. does not report or does not submit the Carrier Media to the Quarantine Officer at the Port of Entry and Port of Expenditure established by the Central Government for the purposes of Quarantine measures and supervision and/or control as referred to in Article 35 paragraph (1) letter c; and/or
 - d. transiting Carrier Media does not include a Transit certificate as referred to in Article 35 paragraph (4)
- shall be punished with a maximum imprisonment of 2 (two) years and a maximum fine of Rp2,000,000,000.00 (two billion rupiah).

Article 89

The owner who does not bear all costs incurred in the implementation of destruction as referred to in Article 48 paragraph (3) shall be punished with imprisonment for a maximum of 6 (six) years and a maximum fine of Rp6,000,000,000.00 (six billion rupiah).

Article 90...



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Article 90

Every person in charge of the conveyance who does not carry out the destruction of Carrier Media as referred to in Article 54 paragraph (1) shall be punished with imprisonment of 6 (six) years and a maximum fine of Rp6,000,000,000.00 (six billion rupiah).

Article 91

Any person who without a license opens, removes, breaks, discards, or damages the seal of the Quarantine as referred to in Article 70 paragraph (2) shall be punished with a maximum imprisonment of 5 (five) years and/or a maximum fine of Rp5,000,000,000.00 (five billion rupiah).

CHAPTER XIV

TRANSITIONAL PROVISIONS

Article 92

In the case of Quarantine Installations owned by individuals or legal entities that have been designated as Quarantine Installations before this Law comes into force, Quarantine Installations can still be used until the period ends or within a maximum period of 2 (two) years since this Law is enacted.

Article 93

- (1) At the time this Law comes into force, the existing Government institution handling the field of quarantine shall continue to carry out its duties until the establishment of a Government institution handling the field of quarantine based on the provisions of this Law.
- (2) The affairs of quarantine of animals, fish, and plants which at the time of the enactment of this Law have not been resolved, shall be resolved based on the provisions of Law Number 16 of 1992 concerning Quarantine of Animals, Fish, and Plants and its implementing regulations with the principle of easing everyone.

CHAPTER XV...



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CHAPTER XV

CLOSING PROVISIONS

Article 94

- (1) When this Law comes into force, the existing implementing regulations in the field of Animal, Fish and Plant Quarantine are declared to still apply as long as they do not conflict and/or have not been regulated by new implementing regulations based on this Law.
- (2) The implementing regulations of this Law shall be stipulated within a maximum period of 2 (two) years after this Law is enacted.

Article 95

Upon the entry into force of this Law, Law Number 16 of 1992 concerning Quarantine of Animals, Fish and Plants (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia of 1992 Number 56, Supplement to State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 3482), shall be revoked and declared invalid.

Article 96

This Law shall come into force on the date of promulgation.

Order. . .



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In order that every person may know it, this Law shall be promulgated by placing it in the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia.

Endorsed in Jakarta
on October 18, 2019 PRESIDENT OF
THE REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA

ttd.

JOKOWIDODO

Promulgated in Jakarta
on October 18, 2019

Acting. MINISTER OF LAW AND HUMAN RIGHTS OF
THE REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA,

ttd.

TJAHJO KUMOLO

STATE SHEET OF THE REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA YEAR 20 19 NUMBER 200

Copy in accordance with the original
MINISTRY OF THE SECRETARIAT OF
THE REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA

g Law and Legislation,



Lidia Silvanna Djaman



PRESIDENT
REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA

UPSELLING

LAW OF THE REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA NUMBER

21 OF 2019

ABOUT

ANIMAL, FISH AND PLANT QUARANTINE

I. GENERAL

Indonesia is a country that has the largest biodiversity wealth after Brazil (highest *diversity!* as a gift from God Almighty to be utilized sustainably and become an important capital for national development, namely to (1) fulfill Pangart good), Pakan **reed**}, and energy e\$, (2) improve living standards, and (3) increase the prosperity and welfare of society.

The wealth of natural resources must be used properly so that it can improve the standard of living and prosperity of people's lives as mandated in Article 33 paragraph {3} Constitution of the Republic of Indonesia Year 1945. In order for its use to be sustainable to realize the welfare of the present and future, various types of biological natural resources in the form of various types of animals, fish and plants need to be preserved and protected.

The protection of biological natural resources is a manifestation of the purpose of the state, which is to protect the entire Indonesian nation and the entire homeland of Indonesia. One form of protection is carried out through the implementation of Quarantine as an effort made by the state to protect and create a healthy environment for citizens as stated in Article 28H paragraph (1) of the Constitution of the Republic of Indonesia Year 194s which states that everyone has the right to live in physical and mental prosperity, have a place to live, and get a good and healthy environment and have the right to obtain health services.

The implementation of Quarantine has gone through many changes and developments in a fast and dynamic strategic environment in the last 20 (twenty) years. This has a significant impact on the implementation of Animal, Fish and Plant Quarantine, especially the flow of trade between countries. Trade linkages with Quarantine

involves.



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involves snmitn rind phytosnnitn (SPS) provisions and agreements under the World Trade Orpnnizntion (WTO) agreement. Various Food Safety standards concerning animals, fish and plants, as well as humans are summarized in international standards. Food safety is regulated by the *Codex Alimeittarius*, animal health by the *Office internntionnl dev Epizooties* or *The World Organization for Animnl I-fealth* (OIE), and Plant Pests and Diseases by the *International Pinnt Protection Convention* (IPPC). In addition, the development of science and information also has an impact on the Quarantine sector which demands fast, efficient, effective and transparent processes. In the era of biotechnology, Biological Agents are no longer just natural organisms, but also genetically *modified* organisms (GMOs) and the possibility of misuse of biological natural resources into biological weapons (bioterrorism) which must be immediately anticipated with real actions and are preventive and curative in controlling the traffic of Animals, Fish, and Plants and their derivative products.

The implementation of Quarantine in Indonesia is based on Law No. 16/1992 on Quarantine of Animals, Fish and Plants, but the law is no longer able to keep up with developments and legal needs in the community. Changes in the strategic environment, both national and international, affect the implementation of Quarantine. This was followed by the enactment of several laws related to the implementation of Quarantine, including:

1. Law No. 5 of 1994 on the Ratification of the *United Nations Convention on Biological Diversity* and Law No. 21 of 2004 on the Ratification of the *Cnrtnqenn Protocol on Biosafety to the Convention of Biological Diversity*, regulates the provisions of the Convention on Biological Diversity as well as cooperation in the development and strengthening of institutions and human resources internationally in terms of appropriate, ethical, and safe biotechnology management, as well as risk management for biosafety.
3. Law No. 7/1994 on the Ratification of the *Agreement Establishing the World Trade Orpnnizntion* (Agreement on the Establishment of the World Trade Organization), Quarantine is not only limited to efforts to prevent the entry and spread of HPHK, HPIK, and OPTK. OPTK, but also required to carry out function Quarantine and biosafety biosafety from contamination organisms resulting from rekayasa genetically *modified organisms* (GMOs), invasive alien *species* (IAF), and *food safety*.

3. Law.



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3. Law Number 31 of 2004 concerning Fisheries jo. Law Number 45 of 2009 concerning Amendments to Law Number 31 of 2004 concerning Fisheries, which requires the quality of fishery products in the Quarantine examination of fish.
4. Law No. 4/2006 on the Ratification of the *International Treaty on Plant Genetic Resources for Food and Agriculture*, regulates the implementation of a multilateral system regarding access to food and agricultural plant genetic resources so that Quarantine measures are needed to prevent the entry of plant pest organisms, especially exotic ones, which may be carried by the entry of food and agricultural plant genetic resources.
5. Law No. 18/2009 on Animal Husbandry and Animal Health jo. Law No. 41/2014 on the Amendment to Law No. 18/2009 on Animal Husbandry and Animal Health which regulates the authority of the veterinary authority that must be synergized with the Quarantine function and the implementation of Quarantine islands for the entry of animals free of infectious diseases from a zone in a country that is not free of disease.
6. Law No. 38/2009 on Posts which regulates postal items, both in the form of universal postal items and other postal items from and to abroad which are treated as import and export items must be treated as Quarantine objects.
7. Law No. 18/2012 on Food contains provisions on food safety supervision in the form of standards and guidelines for food safety, quality and nutrition at the Point of Entry and Point of Exit.

With Thus so that the organization of Quarantine can be optimized, the existence of Law Number 16 Year 1992 on Quarantine of Animals, Fish, and Plants need done adjustments following the development of and needs at society. Adjustments Law No. 16 of 1992 is carried out so that the implementation of Quarantine prevents the entry of HPHK, HPIK, and OPTK from abroad into the territory of the Unitary State of the Republic of Indonesia; prevents the spread of HPHK, HPIK, and OPTK from one area to another within the territory of the Unitary State of the Republic of Indonesia; prevent the release of HPHK, HPIK, and Plant Disturbing Organisms from the territory of the Unitary State of the Republic of Indonesia; prevent the entry and spread of Biological Agents, Invasive Foreign Species, and PRG, which have the potential to interfere with human health, Animals, Fish, Plants and environmental sustainability; prevent the entry of Food or Feed from the territory of the Unitary State of the Republic of Indonesia. Feed that not in accordance with standard safety and quality standards; preventing the release of Wild Plants and Animals and Rare Plants and Animals from the territory of the Unitary State of the Republic of Indonesia; and protecting the environment.

sustainability...



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preservation of Indonesia's SDGs in the form of Animals, Fish and Plants to be utilized in a sustainable and ÖResponsible manner.

The implementation of Animal, Fish, and Plant Quarantine is carried out in one system based on the principles of sovereignty, justice, protection, national security, science, necessity, minimal impact, transparency, integration, recognition, non-discrimination, and sustainability.

The implementation of Quarantine includes the regulation of Entry, Expulsion, and Transit of Carrier Media, Food, Feed, PRG, SDG, Biological Agents, Invasive Alien Species, Wild Plants and Animals, Rare Plants and Animals, as well as institutions that ensure the implementation of Quarantine. The scope of the regulation includes the organization of Animal, Fish, and Plant Quarantine; determination of the types of HPHK, HPIK, and OPTK, and Carrier Media; implementation of Animal, Fish, and Plant Quarantine measures; supervision and control of Food Safety and Food Quality, Feed Safety and Feeduta, PRG, SDG, Biological Agents, Invasive Foreign Species, Wild Plants and Animals, and Rare Plants and Animals; Quarantine Area; Traceability; Quarantine information system; Animal, Fish, and Plant Quarantine services; intelligence, special police, and investigation functions; quarantine cooperation; and funding.

II. ARTICLE BY ARTICLE

Article 1

Clear enough.

Article 2

Letter a

What is meant by "the principle of sovereignty" is that in the implementation of Quarantine, every country has the sovereign right to protect the preservation of its living natural resources based on the provisions of laws and regulations and international provisions.

Letter b

What is meant by "the principle of justice" is that the implementation of Quarantine must provide opportunities and opportunities proportionally to all parties based on scientific studies (scientific based) through the process of risk analysis of the Carrier Media.

Letter c

What is meant by "the principle of protection" is that the implementation of Quarantine must be able to guarantee the protection of biological natural resources, the environment, and human health.

Letter d...



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Letter d

What is meant by "national security principle" is that the implementation of Quarantine must be able to prevent the entry and spread of HPHK, HPIK, and OPTK, biological contaminants, chemicals, and other objects that can disturb, harm, and **endanger** national interests.

Letter e

What is meant by "scientific principle" is that the implementation of Quarantine must be based on science (*scienti c ba:sen*) and every action taken must use the scientific method (*scienti/ic method*).

Letter f

What is meant by "the principle of necessity" is that the implementation of Quarantine is carried out to prevent the entry and spread of HPHK, HPIK, and OPTK, supervision and/or control of Biological Agents, Invasive Foreign Species, PRG, SDG, Wild Plants and Animals, Rare Plants and Animals that can harm human health, Animals, Fish, Plants, and/or the environment, Food Safety and Quality, and Feed Safety and Quality which are entered and issued from abroad and from one Area to another Area as well as Transit within the country, or out of the territory of the Unitary State of the Republic of Indonesia.

Letter g

What is meant by "minimal impact principle" is that the implementation of Quarantine selects and uses standards that can be applied so as to have an impact that minimizes obstacles to the smooth flow of trade and human traffic.

Letter h

What is meant by "the principle of transparency" is that the administration of Quarantine must provide correct, honest, and easily accessible information.

Letter i

What is meant by "the principle of integration" is that the implementation of Quarantine must harmonize various interests that are cross-sectoral, cross-regional, and cross-stakeholder in nature.

Letter j. . .



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Letter j

What is meant by "the principle of recognition" is that the implementation of Quarantine applies standards of action based on scientific studies and Quarantine provisions proposed by partner countries can be recognized as equivalent to the provisions in the territory of the Unitary State of the Republic of Indonesia.

Letter k

What is meant by "non-discrimination principle" is that the implementation of Quarantine is applied based on scientific studies (scientific based) through a risk analysis process of the Carrier Media which is applied equally to all parties.

Letter l

What is meant by "the principle of sustainability" is that the implementation of Quarantine aims to protect the preservation of Indonesia's biological natural resources in the form of various types of Animals, Fish and Plants to be utilized sustainably and responsibly to realize the welfare of the present and future.

Article 3

Clear enough.

Article 4

Letter a

Clear enough.

Letter b

Clear enough.

Letter c

Clear enough.

Letter d

Clear enough.

Letter e

Clear enough.

Letter f

Clear enough.

Letter g

Clear enough.

Letter h...



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Letter h

Clear enough.

Letter i

Clear enough.

Letterj

Clear enough.

Letter k

Clear enough.

Letter l

What is meant by "intelligence function" is all efforts, work, activities, and actions in the context of investigation, security, and mobilization.

What is meant by "special police functions" are all security efforts and activities in the context of enforcing laws and regulations in the field of quarantine in a preemptive, preventive and repressive non-judicial manner.

What is meant by "investigation function" is the implementation of the duties and objectives of criminal procedure law to seek and find the material truth according to the actual facts.

Letter m

Clear enough.

Letter n

Clear enough.

Article 5

Clear enough.

Article 6

Clear enough.

Article 7

Clear enough.

Article 8

Clear enough.

Article 9

Clear enough.

Article 10...



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Article 10
Clear
enough.

Article 11
Clear
enough.

Article 12

Paragraph (1)

What is meant by *maximum security Quarantine measures" are all Quarantine measures including various tests and observations carried out individually and repeatedly, so that they are considered free from disease-causing causes and do not endanger human health.

Paragraph (2)

Clear enough.

Paragraph (3)

Clear enough.

Article 13

Letter a

Clear enough.

Letter b

What is meant by "other officials" consists of administrative, functional, and high leadership positions.

Article 14

Clear enough.

Article 15

Paragraph (1)

What is meant by "administrative positions" is a group of positions that contain functions and duties related to public services, as well as government administration and development.

What is meant by "functional position" is a group of positions that contain functions and duties related to functional services based on certain expertise and skills, including functional positions in the field of supervision and/or control of Food Safety and Food Quality, Feed Safety and Feed Medium, GMOs, SDGs, Biological Agents, Invasive Alien Species, Wild Plants and Animals, and Rare Plants and Animals.

Which...



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Which referred to by "position leadership position high" is a group of high-ranking positions in government agencies.

Paragraph (2)
Clear enough.

Article 16

Paragraph (1)
Clear enough.

Paragraph (2)

Letter a

What is meant by "means of conveyance" are all means of land, water, or air transportation used to pass through the Carrier Media.

What is meant by "kade" is a base for loading and unloading ships.

What is meant by "apron" is an aircraft parking lot.

Letter b

What is meant by "packaging" is the material used to contain and/or wrap the Carrier Media, whether in direct contact or not.

Letter c

Clear enough.

Letter d

Clear enough.

Letter e

Clear enough.

Letter f

Clear enough.

Letter g

Clear enough.

Letter h

Clear enough.

Letter i

Clear enough.

Letter j. . .



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Letter j
Clear
enough.

Paragraph (3)
Clear enough.

Article 17
Clear enough.

Article 18
Clear enough.

Article 19
Clear enough.

Article 20
Clear enough.

Article 21
Clear enough.

Article 22
Letter a
Clear enough.

Letter b
What is meant by "other places outside the Quarantine Installation and its equipment" is a building and its equipment needed for its operation outside the Quarantine Installation.

Letter c
What is meant by "laboratory and its equipment" is the equipment needed for operationalization, including testing rooms, testing materials, sterilization rooms, testing equipment, security equipment, or safety equipment.

Article 23
Clear enough.

Article 24
Clear enough.

Article 25
Clear enough.

Article 26 . .



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Article 26
Clear enough.

Article 27
Paragraph (1)
Letter a
Clear
enough.

Letter b
What is meant by "HPHK Carrier Media" include :
a. Animals (ruminants, poultry, or reptiles); and
b. Animal Products (meat, skin, eggs, milk, meat meal, or feather meal).
What is meant by "HPIK Carrier Media" includes, among others, types of Fish which include:
a. Finfish (pisces);
b. shrimp, crab, crab, and their relatives (*cm: stacea*);
c. clams, oysters, squid, octopus, snails, and the like (molluscs);
d. jellyfish and their relatives (coelenterntn);
e. trepang, sea urchins, and their relatives (echinodermntn);
f. frogs and their relatives (*amplubia!*),
g. crocodile, turtles, turtles, monitor lizards, snake water and their relatives (*reptiles!*),
h. whales, dolphins, porpoise, (*mammalia*);
dugongs, and their neighbors
i. seaweed and other plants that live in water (*algae*); and
j. biota water other that There is related with the aforementioned species, including protected fish.

What is meant by "OPTK Carrier Media" include :
a. Plant seeds or seedlings;
b. unprocessed dead plant products;
c. processed dead plant products; and
d. Protected plants.

Letter c
Clear enough.

Paragraph (2)
Clear enough.

Paragraph (3)
Clear enough.

Paragraph (4) . .



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Paragraph (4)
Clear enough.

Article 28

Paragraph **(1)**
Clear enough.

Paragraph (2)
What is meant by "risk category" is a risk analysis carried out to determine which Carrier Media is included in the low, medium, or high risk category.

Article 29

Paragraph (1)
What is meant by "person in charge of the conveyance" is a person or legal entity including airlines and shipping agents who are responsible for the arrival, departure or transit of the conveyance.

Paragraph (2)
Clear enough.

Paragraph (3)
Clear enough.

Article 30

Paragraph (1)
Letter a
Document list load equipment conveyance,
between such as *cargo manifest, bill*
of lading, and packing list.

Letter b
Clear enough.

Paragraph (2)
Clear enough.

Article 31
Clear enough.

Article 32
Clear enough.

Article 33
Paragraph (1)
Clear enough.

Paragraph (2) ...



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Vers (2)

e What is meant by "other documents" include documents required for the Entry of Carrier Media in the form of Food Safety and Food Quality, Feed Safety and Feed Quality, PRG, SDG, Biological Agents, Invasive Alien Species, Wild Plants and Animals, and Rare Plants and Animals.

Paragraph (3)

Clear enough.

Paragraph (4)

Clear enough.

Article 34

Paragraph (1)

Clear enough.

Paragraph (2j)

"Other documents" include documents required for the release of Carrier Media in the form of Food Safety and Food Quality, Feed Safety and Feed Quality, PRGs, SDGs, Biological Agents, Invasive Alien Species, Wild Plants and Animals, and Rare Plants and Animals.

Article 35

Paragraph (1)

Clear enough.

Paragraph (2)

What is meant by "other documents" include documents required for the Entry and Release of Carrier Media from one Area to another in the form of Food Safety and Food Quality, Feed Safety and Feed Quality, PRGs, SDGs, Biological Agents, Invasive Alien Species, Wild Plants and Animals, and Rare Plants and Animals.

Paragraph (3)

Clear enough.

Paragraph (4)

Clear enough.

Article 36

Clear enough.

Article 37. .



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Article 37

Letter a

Administrative and document compliance checks are also intended to monitor the standards of Food Safety and Food Quality, Feed Safety and Feed Quality, GMOs, SDGs, Biological Agents, Invasive Alien Species, Wild Plants and Animals, and Rare Plants and Animals.

Letter b

Clear enough.

Article 38

Clear enough.

Article 39

Clear enough.

Article 40

Clear enough.

Article 41

Clear enough.

Article 42

Clear enough.

Article 43

Paragraph (1)

The provision of treatment measures is also intended to free or purify or other actions that are preventive, curative, and/or promotive against Carrier Media in the form of equipment suspected of having the potential to carry and spread HPHK, HPIK, or OPTK.

Paragraph (2)

Clear enough.

Paragraph (3)

Clear enough.

Article 44

Clear enough.

Article 45...



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INDONESIA

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Article 4s
Clear enough.

Article 46
Clear enough.

Article 47
Clear enough.

Article 48
Paragraph (1)
Clear
enough.

Paragraph (2)
Clear
enough.

Paragraph (3)
Clear
enough.

Paragraph (4)
Other relevant agencies such as airport, port, cross-border post, or
customs authorities, according to the type of Carrier Media being
destroyed.

Article 49
Clear enough.

Article 50
Clear enough.

Article 51
Clear enough.

Article 52
Clear enough.

Article 53
Clear enough.

Article 54
Clear enough.

Article 53
Clear enough.

Article s6...



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Article 56
Clear
enough.

Article 57

Paragraph (1)

Which referred to by "who has risk high risk" is when:

- a. Carrier Media in the form of animals, fish, and plants that are hosts of HPHK, HPIK, or OPTK;
- b. Carrier Media that is introduced for the first time into the territory of the Unitary State of the Republic of Indonesia;
- c. Carrier Media originating from countries endemic to HPHK, HPIK, and OPTK or have a history of new diseases; or
- d. there is a change in disease status in the country of origin (from free to infected or endemic).

Paragraph (2)

What is meant by "technical requirements" are requirements in the form of Quarantine protocols containing Animal, Fish, or Plant health management or HPHK, HPIK, or OPTK control management that must be fulfilled by the country of origin prior to the entry of Carrier Media into the territory of the Unitary State of the Republic of Indonesia.

Examples of technical requirements prior to entry into the territory of the Unitary State of the Republic of Indonesia for Carrier Media:

- a. Animals must be vaccinated in the country of origin for certain diseases prior to departure.
- b. Koi fish originating from Japan must come from a Koi Herpes Virus (KHV) free zone and be cohabited.
- c. Certain plants or plant products must come from pest-free areas and/or be fumigated first in the country of origin.

Paragraph (3)

Clear enough.

Article 58
Clear enough.

Article 59
Clear enough.

Article 60
Clear enough.

Article 61...



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Article 61

Paragrap
h (1)

What is meant by "emergency" is an unexpected situation, either due to natural or non-natural factors, which has a safety impact (disaster) on land, sea or air transportation. The person in charge of the conveyance must basically report to the Quarantine official, but if there is no Quarantine official at the place of docking or landing, he/she can report to the nearest Government agency officer.

What is meant by "officers of Government agencies" include officers of the police or the Indonesian National Army.

Paragraph (2)

Clear enough.

Article 62

Clear enough.

Article 63

Paragraph (1)

What is meant by "disaster" is an event or series of events that threatens and disrupts people's lives and livelihoods caused by both natural and/or non-natural factors and human factors resulting in human casualties, environmental damage, property losses, and psychological impacts.

Paragraph (2)

Clear enough.

Paragraph (3)

Clear enough.

Paragraph (4)

Clear enough.

Article 64

Clear enough.

Article 65

Clear enough.

Article 66...



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INDONESIA
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Article 66

Paragraph (1)

Clear enough.

Paragraph (2)

What is meant by "border crosser" is a resident who resides or resides within the state border area and has an identity card issued by an authorized agency and who travels across borders in the border area through a state border crossing post.

Article b7

Clear enough.

Article 68

Clear enough.

Article 69

Clear enough.

Article 70

Verse {1}

What is meant by "installation of Quarantine seal" is an action to secure the Carrier Media during or after the implementation of Quarantine measures by locking and/or attaching a security mark made of paper, plastic, metal, lacquer, and/or other materials with certain forms in the form of sheets, ribbons, locks, buttons, and/or other forms equipped with electronic or non-electronic devices.

Paragraph (2)

CH. Plelas.

Paragraph (3)

Clear enough.

Paragraph (4)

Clear enough.

Paragraph (5)

Clear enough.

Paragraph (6)

Clear enough.

Paragraph (7) ...



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Paragraph (7)
Clear enough.

Article 71
Clear enough.

Article 72
Clear enough.

Article 73
Clear enough.

Article 74
Clear enough.

Article 75
Clear enough.

Article 76
Clear enough.

Article 77
Clear enough.

Article 78
Clear enough.

Article 79
Clear enough.

Article 80
Clear enough.

Article 81
Paragraph (1)
The intelligence function is used in the context of collecting information and information materials about the Entry, Expenditure, and Transit of Carrier Media to prevent the entry and spread of HPHK, HPIK, OPTK, as well as the possibility of threats and risks of bioterrorism.

Paragraph (2)
Clear enough.

Article 82



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Article 82

Clear enough.

Article 83

Clear enough.

Article 84

Paragraph (1)

Clear enough.

Paragraph (2)

Clear enough.

Paragraph (3)

International cooperation is an agreement made in the form of bilateral, regional, and/or multilateral agreements with mutual recognition and equivalence between the country of origin and the country of destination. International cooperation must be tailored to national interests and needs.

Article 85

Clear enough.

Article 86

Clear enough.

Article 87

Clear enough.

Article 88

Clear enough.

Article 89

Clear enough.

Article 90

Clear enough.

Article 91

Clear enough.

Article 92

Clear enough.

Article 93...



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Article 93
Clear enough.

Article 94
Clear enough.

Article 95
Clear enough.

Article 96
Clear enough.

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